

Creating 3D experiences using WebGL & **babylon**



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DISCLAIMER

The current speaker is French

(expect a strange accent & different jokes)

The current speaker is from Microsoft

(he's using a Windows PC & browses the web with IE !)

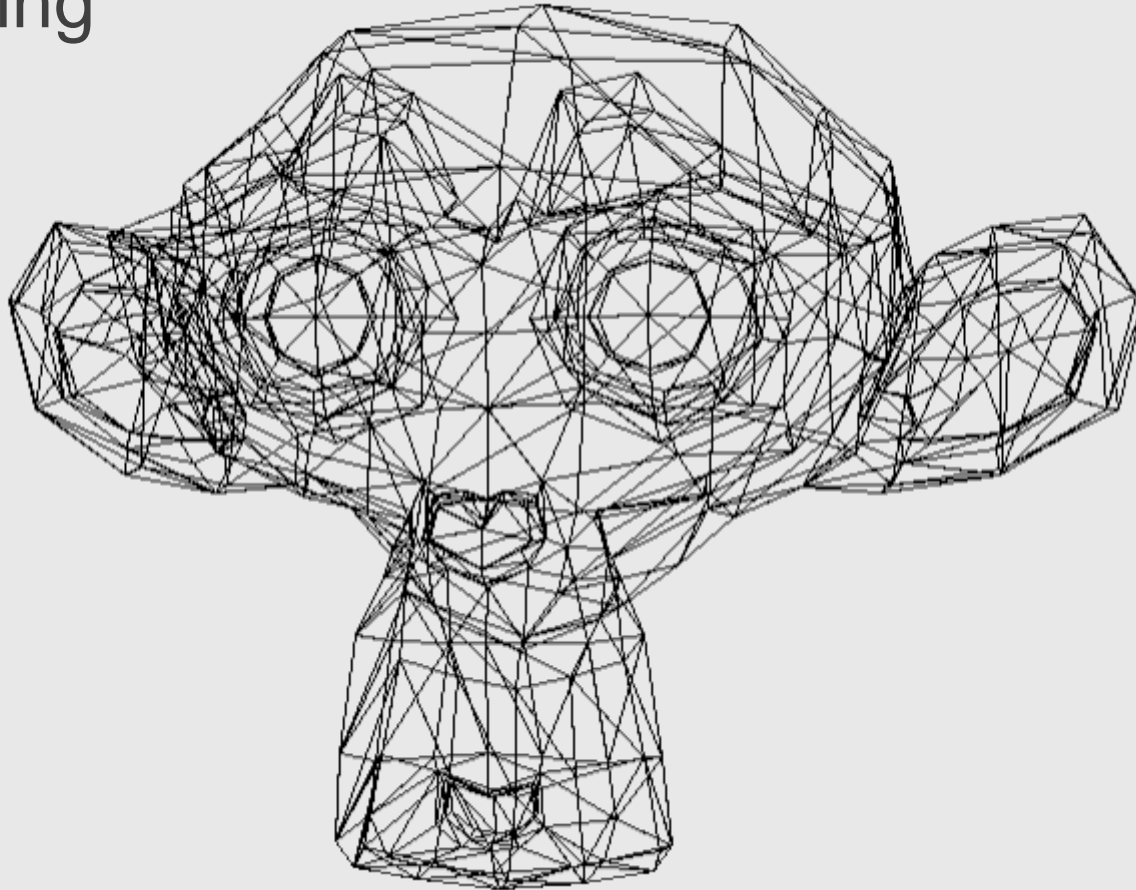
The current speaker is a developer

(he's remarkably bad in basic obvious design principles)

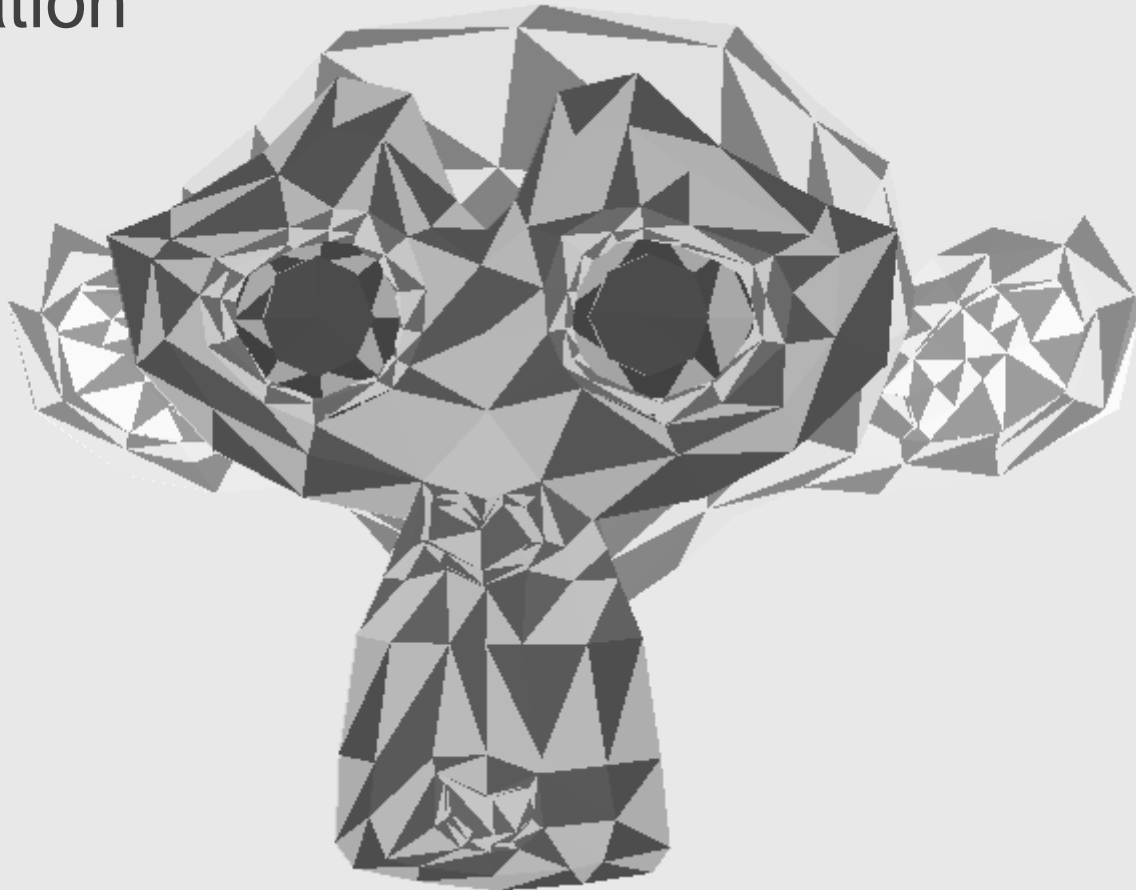
Why building a **WebGL** 3D engine ?

Understanding 3D Basics via a soft engine

Wireframing



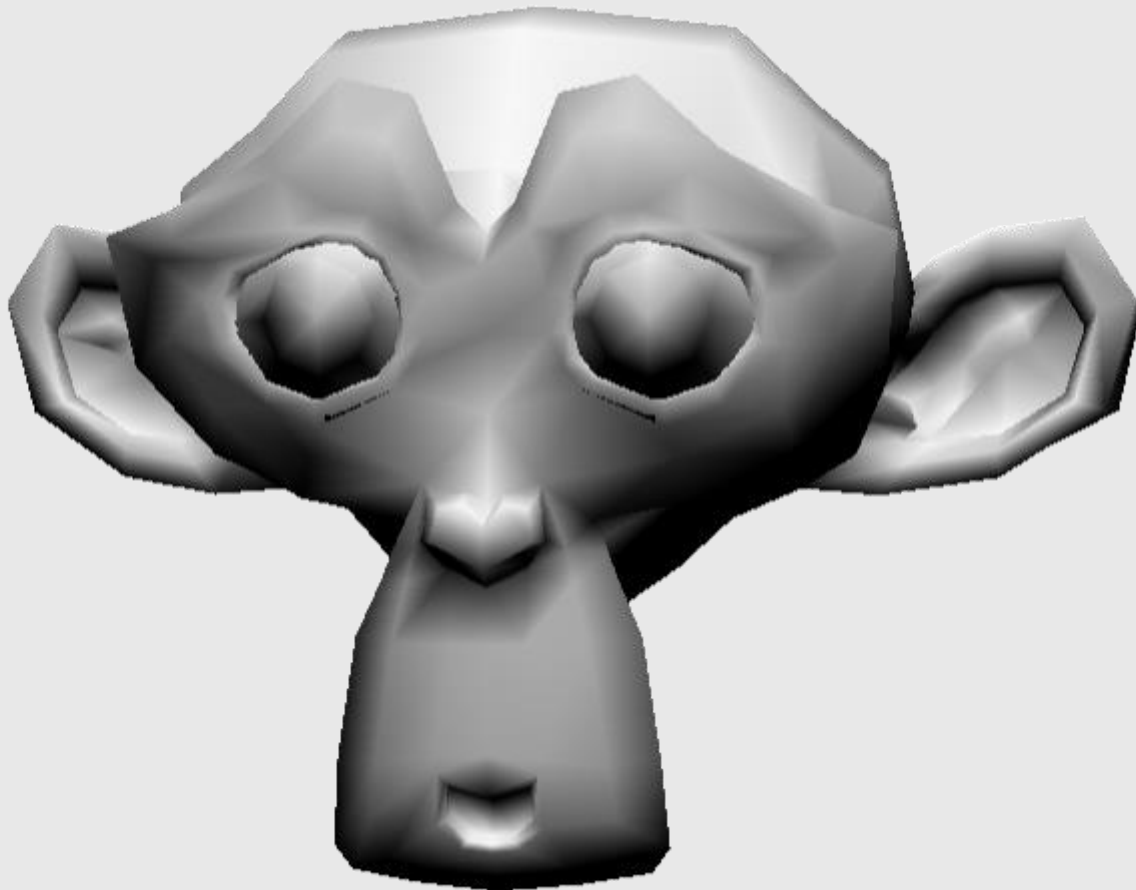
Rasterization



Flat Shading



Gouraud Shading



Texture
mapping



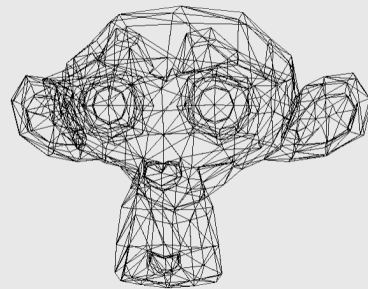


3D Software Engine

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Some 3D engine vocabulary

- A point in the 3D world = a **vertex**
- Multiple vertex = **vertices**
- **Vector3** (x,y,z) is used for a 3D position or a direction
- Triangle = **face**
- A 3D object = a **mesh**



Using WebGL directly

Requires a **compatible** browser or device



A new **context** for the canvas:

```
canvas.getContext("webgl", { antialias: true}) ||  
canvas.getContext("experimental-webgl", { antialias: true});
```

Using WebGL directly

WebGL is a **low level** API

Need to handle **everything** except the *rendering*:

- Shaders code (loading, compilation)
- Geometry creation, topology, transfer
- Shaders variables management
- Texture and resources management
- Render loop

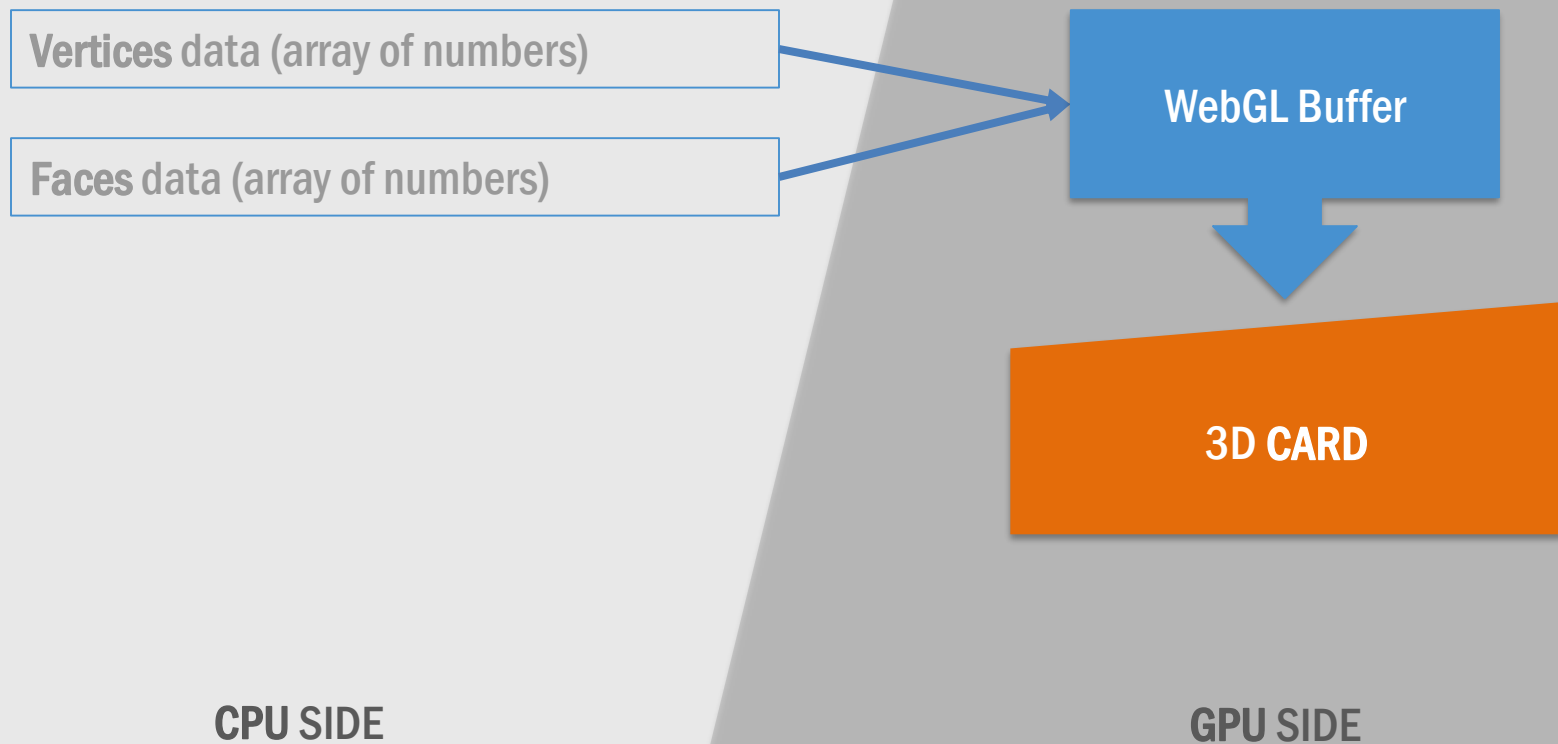


Simplest WebGL code EVER

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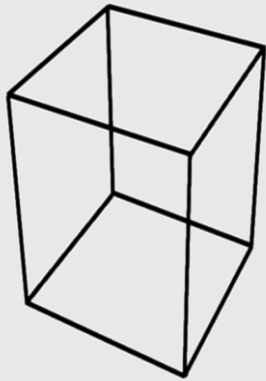
Understanding geometries and shaders

Geometries

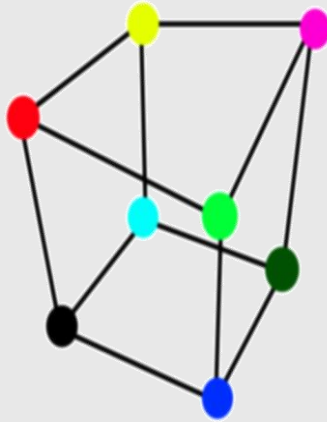
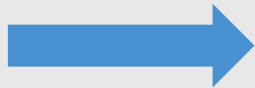


Shaders

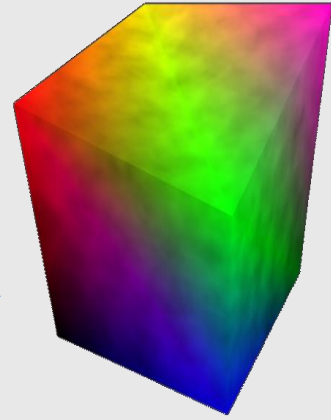
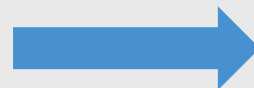
- Shaders are code for the **GPU**
 - Language used is **GLSL** (Graphics Library Shader Language)
 - Vertex shaders are about **transforming** geometry
 - Pixel shaders are about computing **pixel color**
-



**Vertex
Shader**



**Pixel
Shader**



Anatomy of a vertex shader

```
<!--Shaders-->
```

```
<script id="shader-vs" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
```

```
    attribute vec3 position;
```

Vertex data

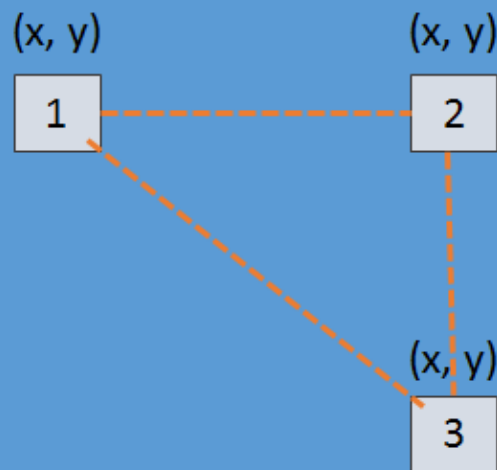
```
    uniform mat4 uMVMatrix;  
    uniform mat4 uPMatrix;
```

External constants

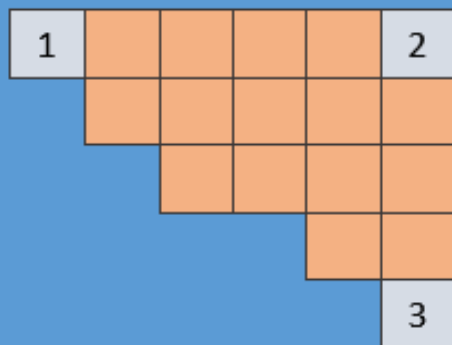
```
void main(void) {  
    gl_Position = uPMatrix * uMVMatrix * vec4(position, 1.0);  
}
```

```
</script>
```

Vertex shader code



Screen



Anatomy of a pixel shader

```
<script id="shader-fs" type="x-shader/x-fragment">  
    precision mediump float;
```

```
    void main(void) {  
        gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
    }
```

```
</script>
```



Pixel shader code



Draw me a triangle

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Performance considerations

Performance first

Going under the hood...

STATE CACHING

WebGL is a state machine and changing states is expensive

GARBAGE COLLECTOR

Removing memory pressure to avoid FPS drops due to GC

SMART SHADERS

Compiling cutting edge shaders

Babylon.js ?

WebGL. simple. powerful.

Free & open source project (Apache 2 license):

<https://github.com/babylonjs/babylon.js>

Written in **TypeScript**

Our philosophy?

Simple to use

High **performance**

Run **everywhere**

Advanced features

Blender, 3DS Max & Unity
exporters
Design & render +
babylonjs.com/sandbox

Offline support
IndexedDB

Complete **collisions** and
physics engine

Network optimizations
Incremental loading

Advanced features

Advanced texture support
(Bump, **DDS**)

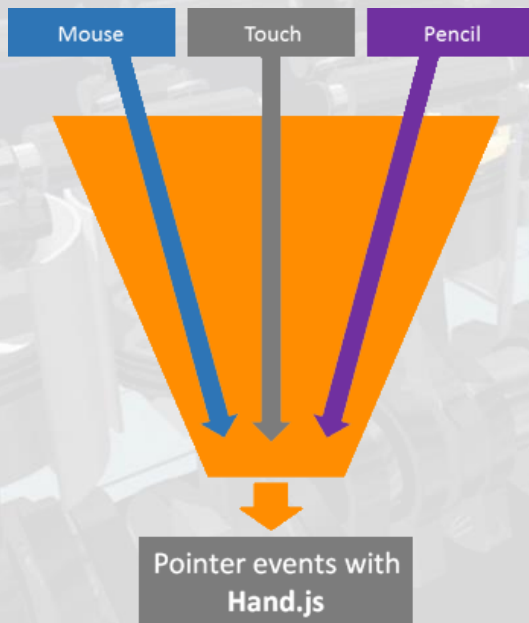
Smart shaders engine and
postprocesses

Touch, Gamepad, Oculus &
virtual joysticks

Complete **Web Audio**
engine

Handling touch devices

One event to rule them all!





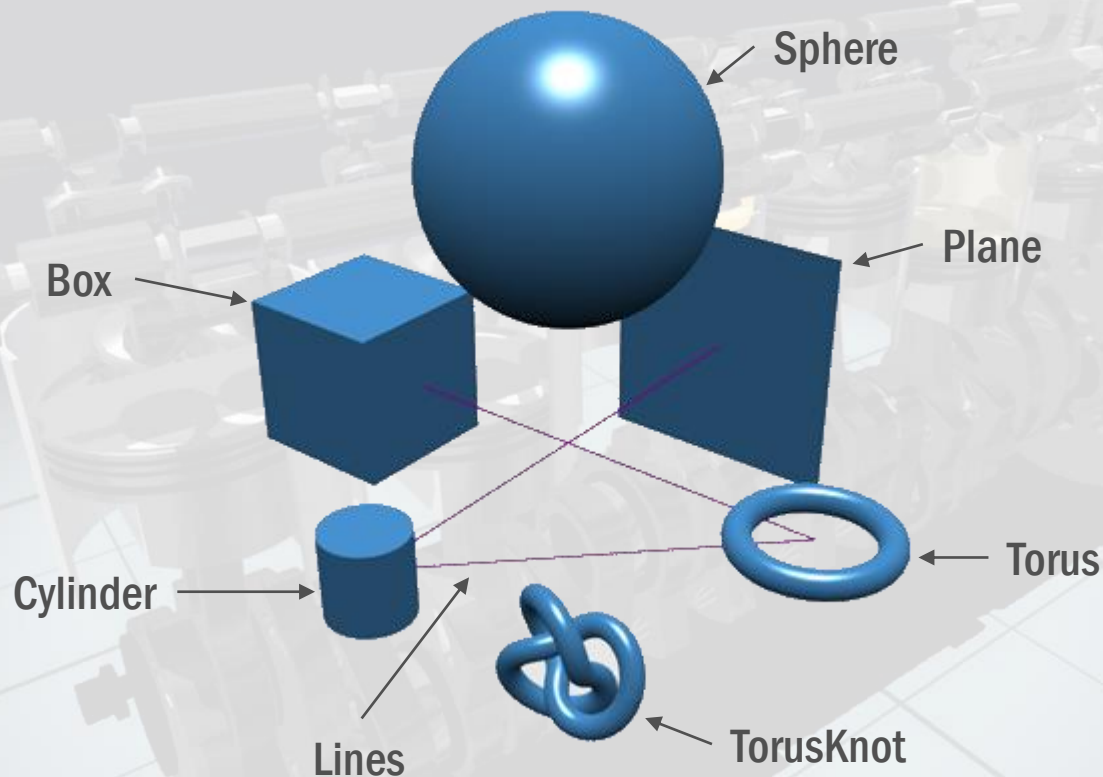
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■ Ok, let's restart the engine from the beginning



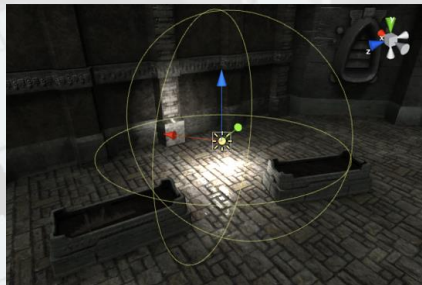
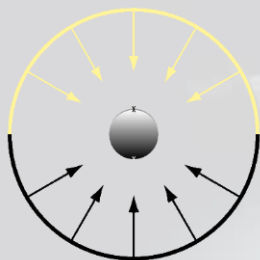
BABYLON.JS Meshes

Main primitives

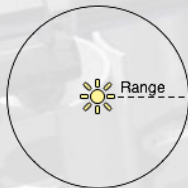


BABYLON.JS Lights

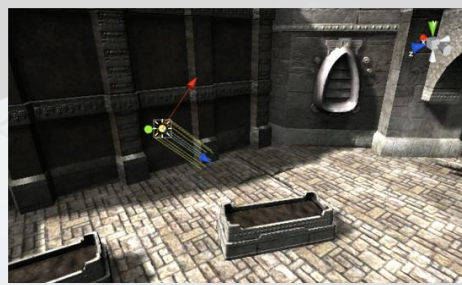
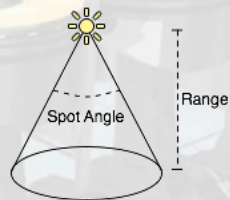
HemisphericLight



PointLight



SpotLight



DirectionalLight



Learning Babylon.js using the playground

The power of TypeScript!

- Get sample code
- Try and experiment
- Share with friends
- Learn by reading examples





Playing with simple meshes

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PLAYING WITH **INPUT**



Touch

Camera based
on **pointer**
events



Device Orientation

Camera based
on **Device**
Orientation API



Virtual Joysticks

Using pointer
events, this
camera
generates **two**
joysticks on top
of the scene



Anaglyph

Use this camera
with **Red/Green**
glasses



Oculus

Control camera
orientation with
Oculus Rift
device



Gamepad

Use your
gamepad to
control your
camera

Switching cameras

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Working with 3D artists



Night / outdoor env
Night Sounds

Owl
in the
Trees

distant
Thunder

Frog Sound

Pond

Gravel
Sound



Rain

Thunder
Sound
from
outside

Noises
in the
stairs

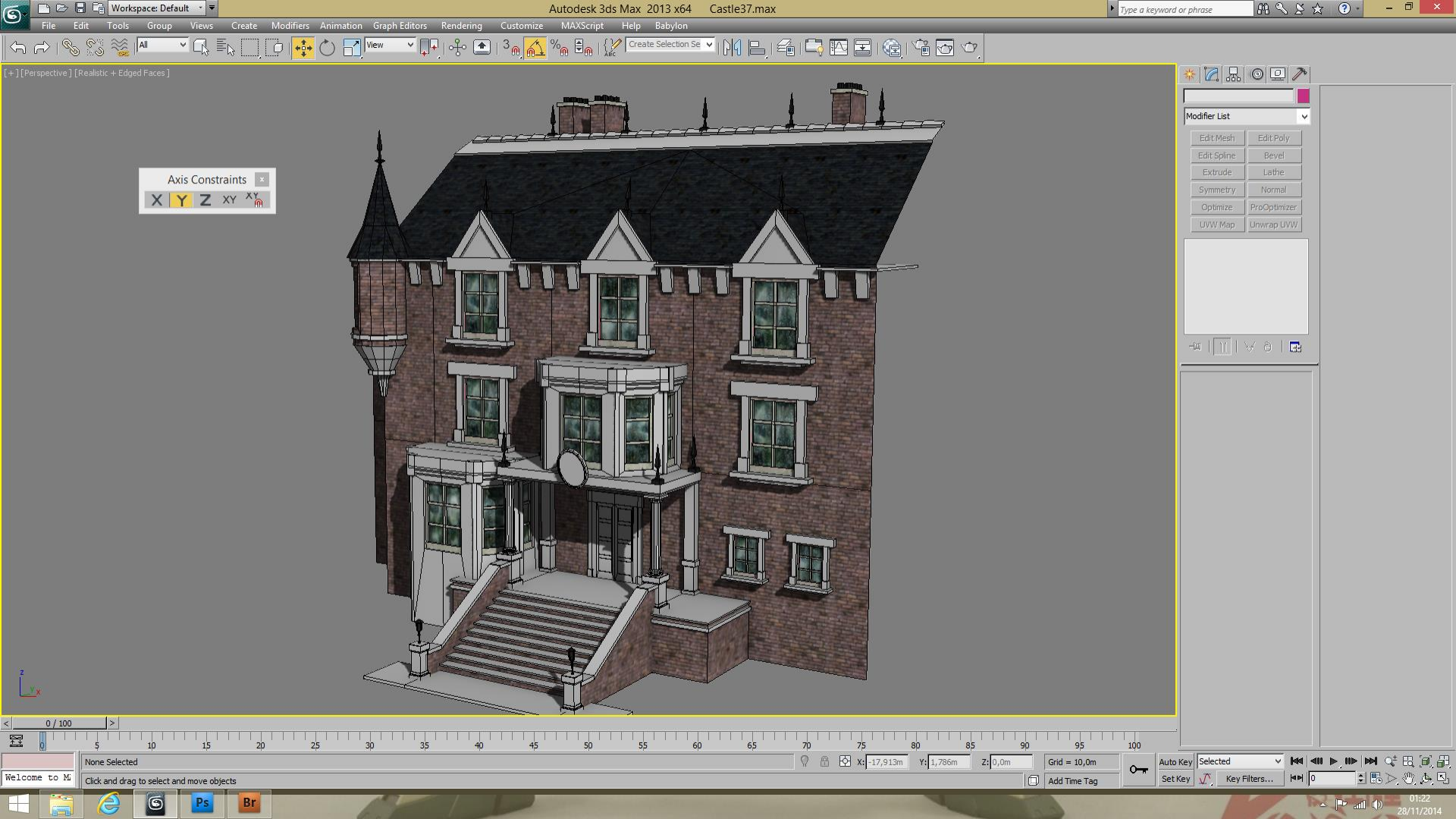
Ticking
clock

Ghost

fire

862, 60







Creation Pipeline

From 3D tooling to WebGL using 0 line of code!





Unity & Clara.io Exporter

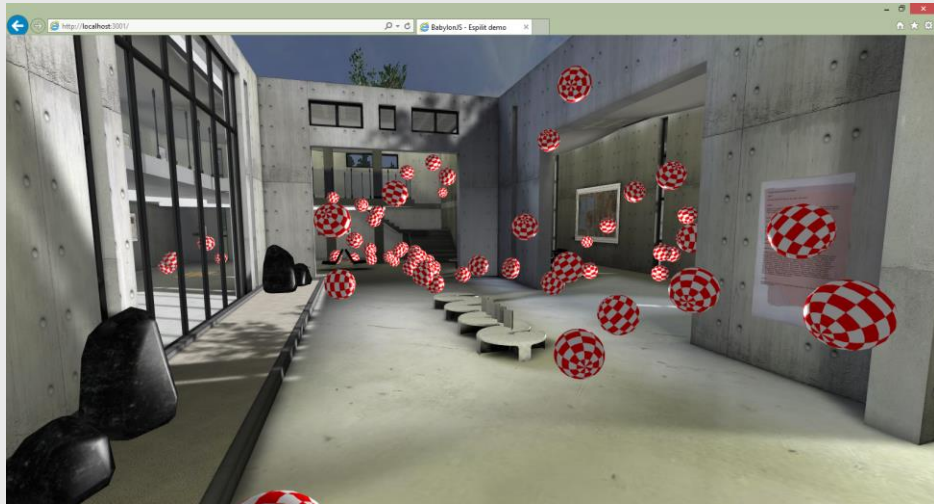
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Physics simulation

2 physics engines via a plug-in system

- Based on **Oimo.js** by default & **Canon.js** available
- Absolutely uncorrelated from the native collision engine

```
scene.enablePhysics(new BABYLON.Vector3(0, -10, 0), new BABYLON.OimoJSPlugin());
```



Set impostors

- Choose the right **impostor** for your mesh:
 - BABYLON.PhysicsEngine.**Plane**Imposter
 - BABYLON.PhysicsEngine.**Box**Imposter
 - BABYLON.PhysicsEngine.**Sphere**Imposter
 - BABYLON.PhysicsEngine.**Compound**Imposter
- To generate a physic effect on a mesh:
 - Let the **gravity** do its job
 - **Collisions between meshes** with physics enabled
 - Apply an **impulse** on the selected mesh at a given point

```
yourMesh.setPhysicsState(  
    BABYLON.PhysicsEngine.BoxImpostor,  
    {  
        mass: 0,  
        friction: 0.5,  
        restitution: 0.7  
    });
```

```
yourMesh.applyImpulse(direction, point); /* both BABYLON.Vector3 */
```




USING OIMO.JS WITH ESPILIT

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Babylon.js audio engine

Simplicity again as a foundation

Based on **Web Audio**

Supports **ambient**, **omnidirectional** or **directional**
3D sound using **linear attenuation** by default

Managed by **code** or by loading our **.babylon** format

Supported by our **3DS Max exporter** (Blender &
Unity to come)



Audio engine

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Debug layer

Tool to help you reviewing performance issues

Draw calls

Time spent per feature

Number of objects

Number of active vertices

Are you GPU / CPU locked?

User marks + F12



Other interesting features

There's a lot more!

LOD

Simd.js support

Web Workers for collisions

PBR rendering pipeline, Reflection Probes and much more!

Useful links

What we're working on in MS Edge: status.modern.ie

- like WebRTC, Subclassing (ES6), Pointer Lock, etc.

Play with Babylon.js demos on www.babylonjs.com

- and try some tutorials via our playground: www.babylonjs.com/playground
- Documentation: <http://doc.babylonjs.com>
- Forum: <http://www.html5gamedevs.com/forum/16-babylonjs/>

Contact the MS Edge Developer Relations team on twitter:
[@msedgedev](https://twitter.com/msedgedev)

And Babylon.js developers: [@deltakosh](https://twitter.com/deltakosh) & [@davrous](https://twitter.com/davrous)

Questions?



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